

SERA FM: Ecological Risk Assessment Tool for Evaluating Wildlife Exposure Risk Associated with Mercury-Contaminated Sediment in Lake and River Systems



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INTRODUCTION

Mercury (Hg) is an important environmental pollutant because of its suspected neurotoxicity and is classified as a priority pollutant by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) (USEPA, 1997). The primary pathway of mercury exposure to humans and wildlife is via ingestion of mercury-contaminated fish.

Under CERCLA and RCRA, remediation goals for sites with mercury contamination: **are not typically developed for surface water, are often developed for sediment.**

However, fish do not demonstrate a strong correlation with concentrations in sediment but rather with methyl-mercury concentration in water (Brumbaugh, 2001).

So Region 1 asked us: *How can one develop a remediation goal for mercury in sediment when the sediment mercury concentration may be a poor predictor of mercury exposure to biota?*

2003 ERASC Request #10 from Region 1

In 2003, NERL-ERD (Athens, GA) received a request through the Ecological Risk Assessment Support Center (ERASC) from Region 1.

In response ORD/NERL/ERD:

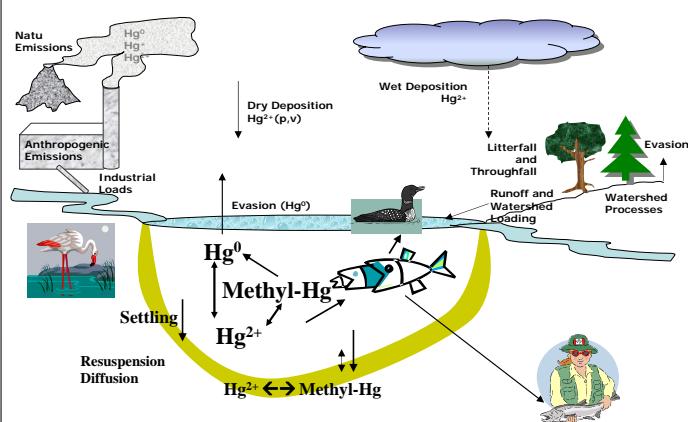
Developed an easy-to-use, straight-forward model to assist in deriving a remediation goal.

and thus SERAFM was born.

SERA FM is the Spreadsheet-based Ecological Risk Assessment for the Fate of Mercury. We wrote and designed this model to be used as a stand-alone, risk assessment tool for mercury contaminated ecosystems.

- Process-based, Steady-state
- Spreadsheet Framework
 - transparent
 - series of linked modules, each kept on separate sheet
 - results linked sequentially

Mercury Cycle



REFERENCES

Brumbaugh, W.G., D.P. Krabbenhoft, D.R. Helsel, J.G. Wiener, and K.R. Echols. 2001. A National Pilot Study of Mercury Contamination of Aquatic Ecosystems Along Multiple Gradients: Bioaccumulation in Fish. USGS/BRD/BSR-2001-009, iii+25pp.

USEPA, 1997. Mercury Study Report to Congress. EPA-452/R-97-005, Office of Air Quality Planning and StandardsUnited States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington.

SERA FM Inputs

Watershed Characteristics	
Watershed Location (East or West)	East
Watershed Area (in Contributing Area)	1,000,000 m ²
Total Area	1000
Percent Wetland	20%
Percent Riparian	40%
Land Use/Contaminated Soil	10%
Percent Upland	30%
Lake Area	10,000,000 m ²
Elevation Depth	3 m
Hyporheic Depth	10 m
Bottom Water Temp	14 °C
Hydraulic Residence Time	0.5 yr
Inflow	6,000,000 m ³ /yr
Outflow	6,000,000 m ³ /yr
Water pH	7
Elevation Water Temp	20 °C
Hyporheic Water Temp	4 °C
Air Temp	20 °C
Annual Precipitation	1000 mm
DOC Elevation	0 mg/L
DOC Hyporheic	20 mg/L
Catch on PVC	0 Pt/Cs
Trophic Status	Epibenthic
Inflow Mercury Concentration:	
Hg ⁰	0 ng/mL
Hg ²⁺	0 ng/mL
Methyl	0 ng/mL
Total Mercury Concentration in Contaminated Sediment, dry weight:	10 ug/g
Known Mercury in Contaminated Soils:	
Cs/Hg ⁰	0 ng/mL
Cs/Hg ²⁺	0 ng/mL
Cs/Methyl	0 ng/mL
Required Hazard Index for Sensitive Indicator:	1

SERA FM Modules

- Atmospheric Deposition
- Watershed Erosion
- Equilibrium Partitioning
- Water Body Mercury Calculations
- Contaminated Sediment
- Background Conditions
- Watershed Runoff
- Water Body Solids Balance
- Mercury Speciation
- Remediation Goal
- Wildlife Risk Calculations

Calculates Exposure Concentrations

Exposure Concentrations		Contaminated Sediment	Units	Cleaned Sediment	Required Clean Up Levels
Elevation	Hg ⁰ Filtered	10.46	ng/L	0.07	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Filtered	22.21	ng/L	0.15	ng/L
	Methyl Filtered	3.02	ng/L	0.01	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Filtered	35.69	ng/L	0.23	ng/L
Hyporheic	Hg ⁰ Unfiltered	10.46	ng/L	0.07	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Unfiltered	88.29	ng/L	0.60	ng/L
	Methyl Unfiltered	14.41	ng/L	0.03	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Unfiltered	113.14	ng/L	0.70	ng/L
Sediment	Hg ⁰ Filtered	3.86	ng/L	0.01	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Filtered	26.71	ng/L	0.19	ng/L
	Methyl Filtered	9.26	ng/L	0.01	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Filtered	39.82	ng/L	0.12	ng/L
Fish	Hg ⁰ Unfiltered	3.86	ng/L	0.01	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Unfiltered	182.74	ng/L	0.63	ng/L
	Methyl Unfiltered	37.52	ng/L	0.05	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Unfiltered	224.12	ng/L	0.70	ng/L
Human	Hg ⁰ Biomass	3.86	ng/L	0.01	ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Biomass	79.39	ng/L	0.09	-0.0019 ng/L
	Methyl Biomass	18.87	ng/L	0.02	0.0015 ng/L
	Hg ⁰ Biomass	102.12	ng/L	0.12	0.0089 ng/L
Wildlife	Hg ⁰ bulk	0.00	ug/g	0.00	ug/g
	Hg ⁰ bulk	7.69	ug/g	0.00	ug/g
	Methyl bulk	2.31	ug/g	0.00	ug/g
	Hg ⁰ bulk, dry	10.00	ug/g	0.011	ug/g
Identifies Sensitive Species	Sensitive Indicator	Tree Swallow		5.36	Tree Swallow
					Tree Swallow
	Target C and	0.0000	ug/g		

Calculates Wildlife Hazard Indices

Human and Wildlife Exposure Risk Results		
	Hazard Index	
	Contaminated	Cleaned
Wildlife		Clean Up Level
Mink	200.51	0.52
Otter	391.97	0.70
Kingfisher	886.71	1.58
Loon	354.68	0.63
Osprey	354.68	0.63
Eagle	290.11	0.52
Tree Swallow	3231.99	5.36
Hooded Merganser	550.09	0.86
Wood Duck	244.64	0.36
Human		
Man	27.64	0.01
Woman	99.49	0.04
Adult	30.80	0.01
Child	143.71	0.06
Native American	275.28	0.12



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